

Solutions to Moles Problem Set

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1. Styrene is an organic molecule that is used as a building block for many polymers (like polystyrene). The molecular formula for styrene is C_8H_8 .

a. What is the molecular weight of styrene?

$$MW_C := 12.011 \cdot \text{gm} \cdot \text{mole}^{-1}$$

$$MW_H := 1.0079 \cdot \text{gm} \cdot \text{mole}^{-1}$$

$$MW_{\text{styrene}} := 8 \cdot MW_C + 8 \cdot MW_H$$

$$MW_{\text{styrene}} = 104.151 \cdot \text{gm} \cdot \text{mole}^{-1}$$

b. What is the empirical formula of styrene?



c. How much does 1.000 mole of styrene weigh?

$$\text{mole}_{\text{styrene}} := 1 \cdot \text{mole}$$

$$\text{mass}_{\text{styrene}} := \text{mole}_{\text{styrene}} \cdot MW_{\text{styrene}}$$

$$\text{mass}_{\text{styrene}} = 104.151 \cdot \text{gm}$$

d. How much does 1.54 pmole of styrene weigh?

$$p := 10^{-12} \quad \text{pmole} := p \cdot \text{mole}$$

$$\text{mole}_{\text{styrene}} := 1.54 \cdot \text{pmole}$$

$$\text{mole}_{\text{styrene}} = 1.54 \cdot 10^{-12} \cdot \text{mole}$$

$$\text{mass}_{\text{styrene}} := \text{mole}_{\text{styrene}} \cdot MW_{\text{styrene}}$$

$$\text{mass}_{\text{styrene}} = 1.604 \cdot 10^{-10} \cdot \text{gm}$$

e. How much many moles in 9.67 kg of styrene?

$$\text{mass}_{\text{styrene}} := 9.67 \cdot \text{kg}$$

$$\text{mass}_{\text{styrene}} = 9.67 \cdot 10^3 \cdot \text{gm}$$

$$\text{mole}_{\text{styrene}} := \frac{\text{mass}_{\text{styrene}}}{MW_{\text{styrene}}}$$

$$\text{mole}_{\text{styrene}} = 92.846 \cdot \text{mole}$$

f. How many moles in 84.6 mg of styrene?

$$\text{mass}_{\text{styrene}} := 84.6 \cdot \text{mg}$$

$$\text{mass}_{\text{styrene}} = 0.085 \cdot \text{gm}$$

$$\text{mole}_{\text{styrene}} := \frac{\text{mass}_{\text{styrene}}}{\text{MW}_{\text{styrene}}}$$

$$\text{mole}_{\text{styrene}} = 8.123 \cdot 10^{-4} \cdot \text{mole}$$

g. What is the mass percent of carbon in styrene?

$$\text{fraction}_{\text{C}} := \frac{8 \cdot \text{MW}_{\text{C}}}{\text{MW}_{\text{styrene}}}$$

$$\text{fraction}_{\text{C}} = 0.923$$

$$\text{fraction}_{\text{C}} = 92.258 \cdot \%$$

h. What is the mass percent of hydrogen in styrene?

$$\text{fraction}_{\text{H}} := \frac{8 \cdot \text{MW}_{\text{H}}}{\text{MW}_{\text{styrene}}}$$

$$\text{fraction}_{\text{H}} = 0.077$$

$$\text{fraction}_{\text{H}} = 7.742 \cdot \%$$

i. A barrel of an unknown material is recovered from the Delaware river near a plant that produces polystyrene. It has been suggested that the barrel contains styrene. Results from the elemental analysis of an unknown compound are shown below. Does this support the hypothesis that the barrel contains styrene?

Element	Abundance (%)
Carbon	92.26
Hydrogen	7.74

The elemental composition of the unknown is consistent with the elemental composition of styrene. So it is possible that the unknown is styrene. Note: the experiment does not prove that it is styrene. It just fails to prove that it is not styrene.

j. Further experimentation determines that the molecular weight of this compound is 78.11 grams per mole. What is the molecular formula for the unknown compound?

$$MW_{\text{unk}} := 78.11 \cdot \text{gm} \cdot \text{mole}^{-1}$$

Since this molecular weight is less than the molecular weight of styrene, this is not consistent with the original hypothesis. The unknown is not styrene. It just has the same empirical formula as styrene.

Calculate the "Empirical Mass" of the compound from the empirical formula (C_1H_1).

$$EM := 1 \cdot MW_{\text{C}} + 1 \cdot MW_{\text{H}}$$

$$EM = 13.019 \cdot \text{gm} \cdot \text{mole}^{-1}$$

Determine the number of empirical formulas in the unknown:

$$\frac{MW_{\text{unk}}}{EM} = 6$$

If there are 6 "empirical formulas" in the molecule, the molecular formula is:

